

BikeCom

Cooperative Application for Bicycle Safety

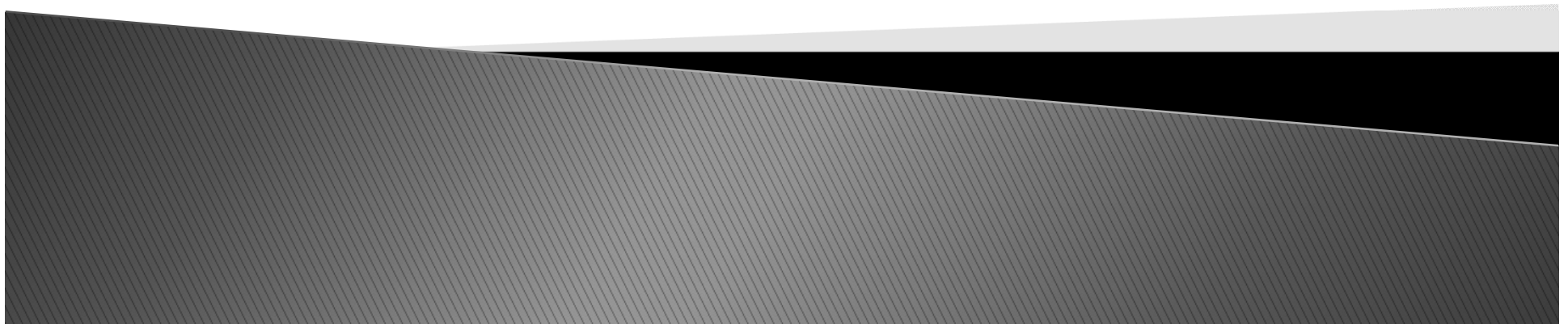
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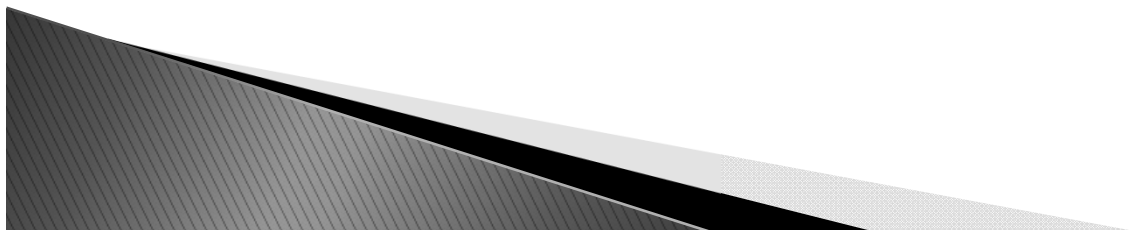
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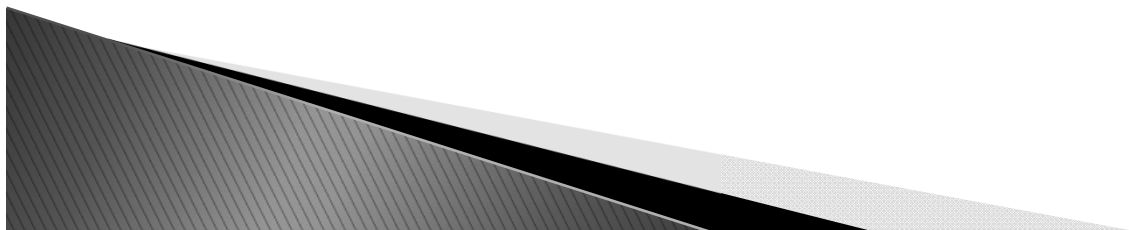
Introduction

- ▶ Background
 - 2083 deaths in Europe in 2010
 - Increased use of bicycles
- ▶ Objective
 - Develop a cooperative application to increase bicycle safety



Safety critical situation

- ▶ Identify a relevant safety critical situation by means of:
 - Naturalistic cycling data analysis
 - EU accident statistics analysis
- ▶ Safety critical situation description with use cases
 - Consider different scenarios for the chosen situation
 - Decide what are the implications for the application



Safety critical situation

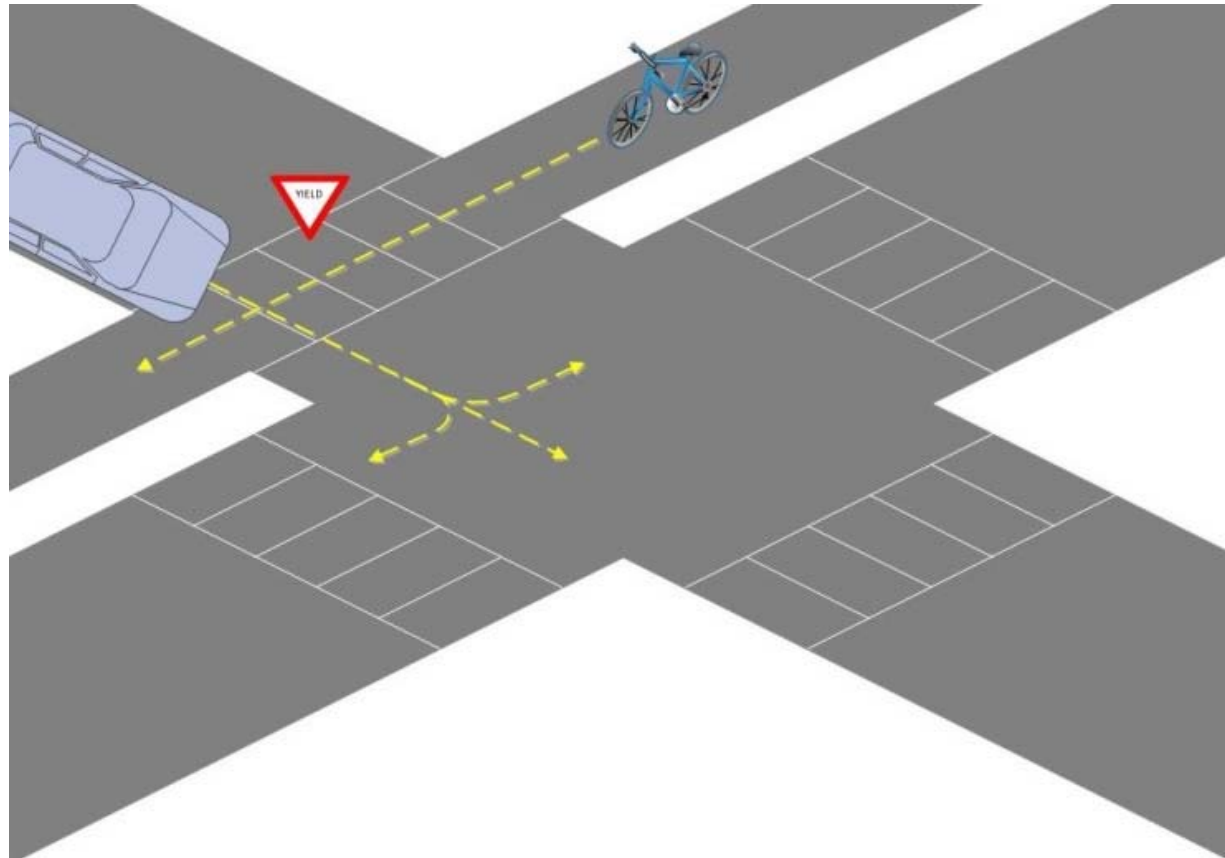
Common observed conflicts for cyclists in naturalistic cycling data

- ▶ Not many cyclist or pedestrian fatalities in conflicts with pedestrians
- ▶ 64% of cyclist fatalities in Europe occur at crossroads

Type of critical situation	Percentage of occurrence out of the total number of critical situations observed
Conflict with pedestrian	27%
Conflict with car at intersection	20%
Conflict with other bicycle	17%
Traffic rule violation	16%
Conflict with car on parallel driving	8%
Conflict with animal	6%
Self-conflict	6%



Safety critical situation

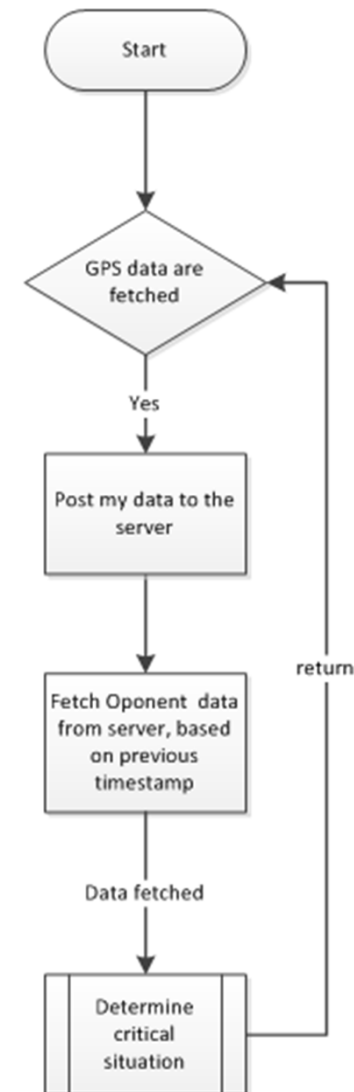


Sketch of the traffic situation to be addressed with the safety application

Application

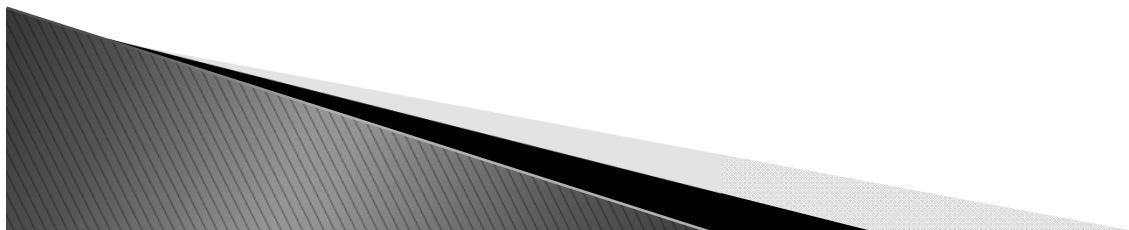
- ▶ General requirements
 - Wireless communication
 - GPS data
 - Audible warning

Main Algorithm



Application

- ▶ Reasons for developing smartphone application
 - Calculate trajectories and intersection points
 - Warn
 - Communicate
 - Widely spread



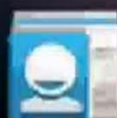


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Google

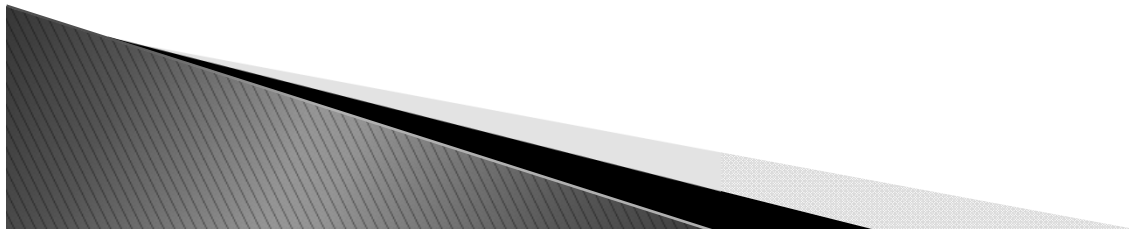


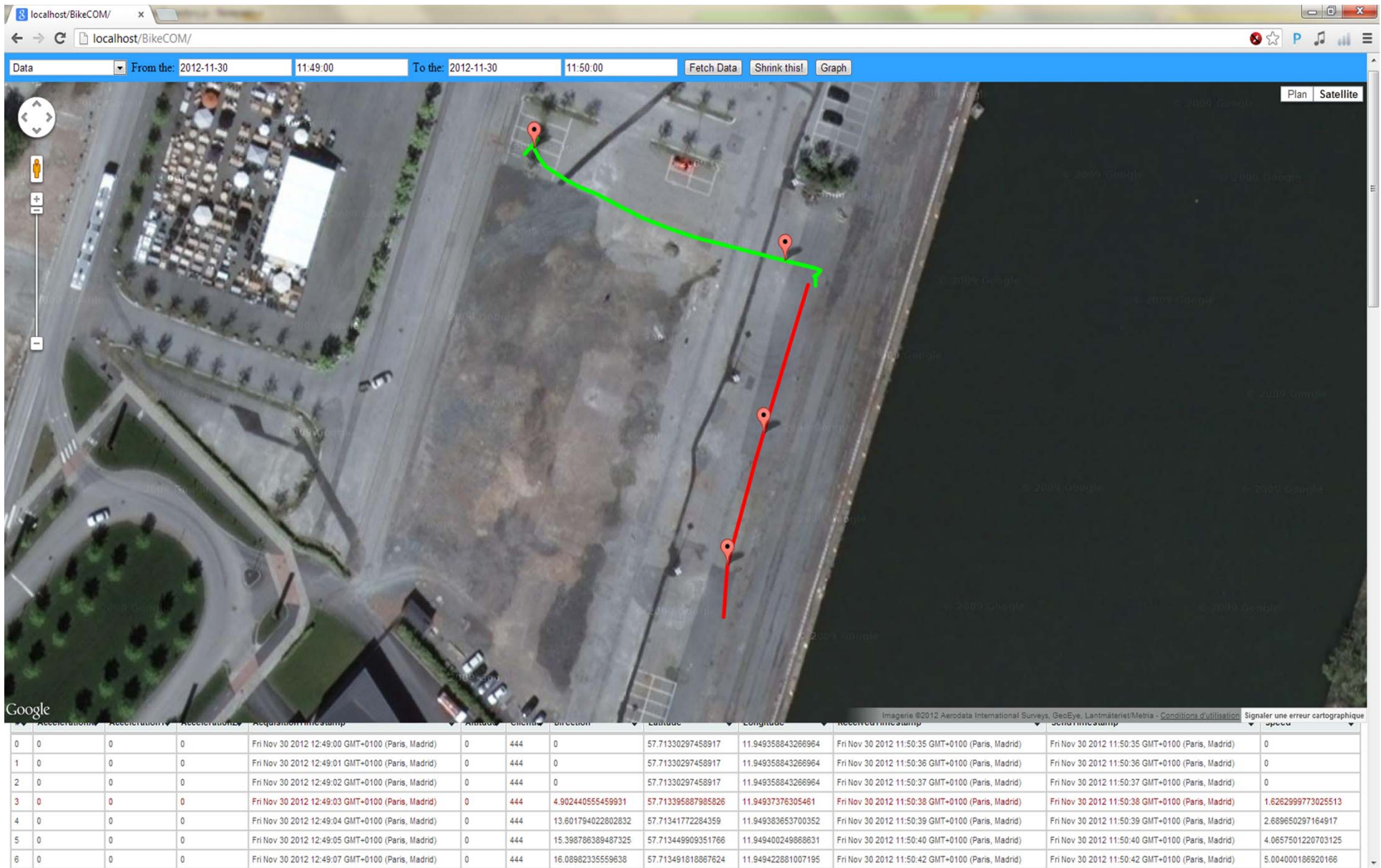
Camera



Testing

- ▶ Testing of the application
 - Simulated environment
 - Car and bike with smartphones in a controlled traffic environment
 - Different scenarios that would both trigger and not trigger the warning
- ▶ Data analysis software
 - Web service that allows retrieving data from the server
 - Developed based on Google interface
 - Position plotting
 - Signal plotting



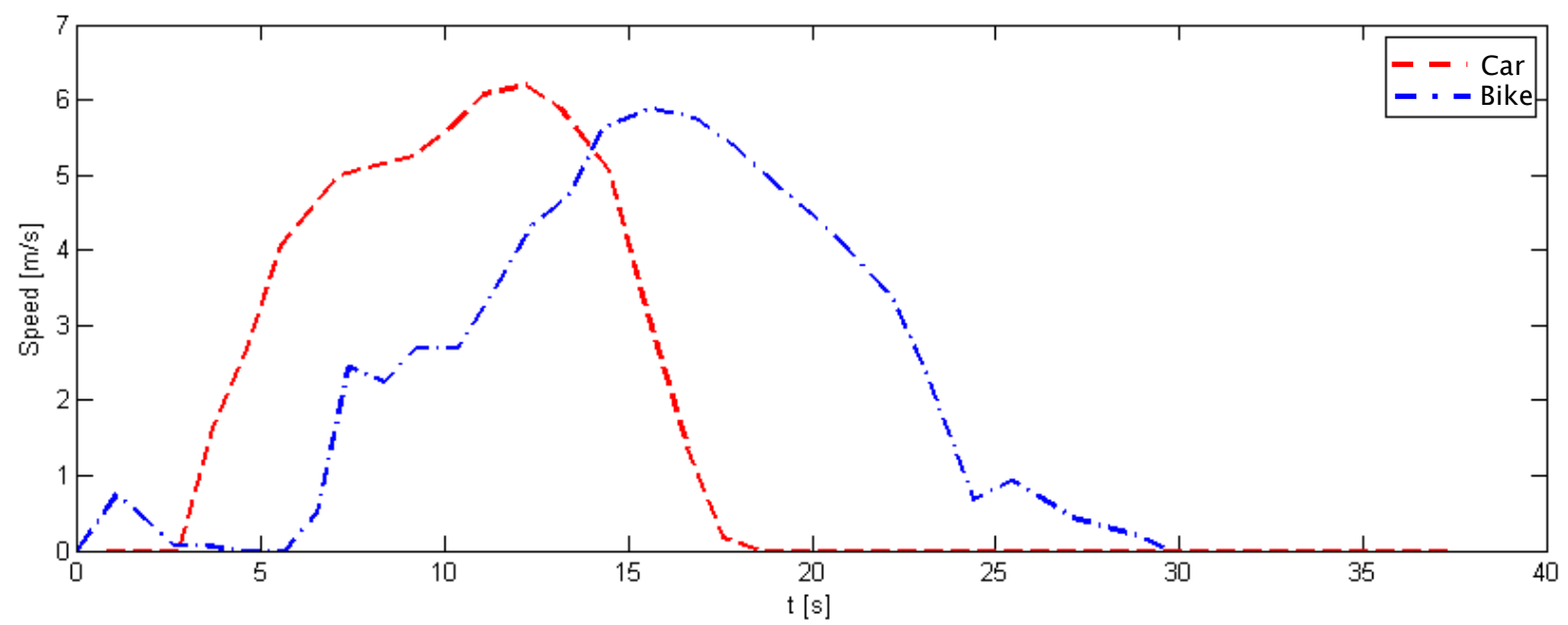
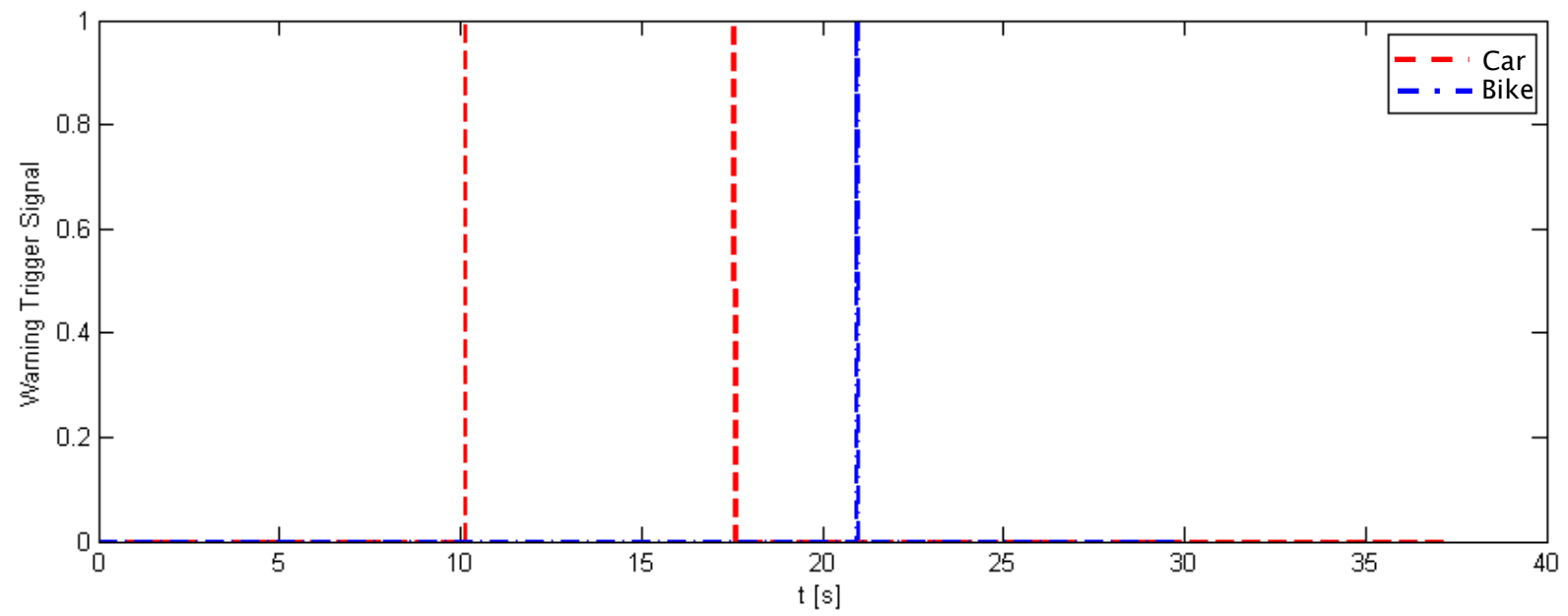


BIKE CAM



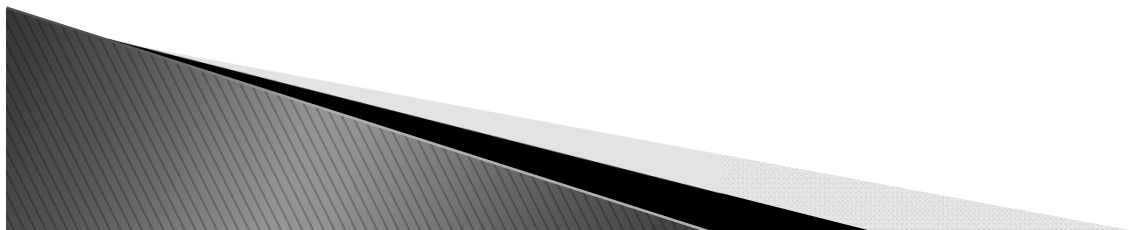
CAR CAM





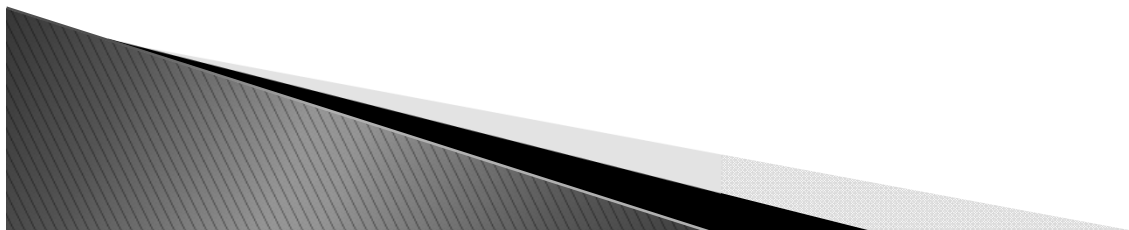
Discussion and Conclusion

- ▶ Performance of the application
 - Communicate wirelessly (cooperative)
 - Calculate and transmit paths, speeds, possible intersection
 - Do threat assessment
 - Give a warning in a specific safety critical situation



Discussion and Conclusion

- ▶ Naturalistic data to application
- ▶ Warn 2 road users (core value of cooperative systems)
- ▶ Importance of field trials to verify results obtained from simulations
- ▶ BikeCom is a proof of concept, which shows technical feasibility
- ▶ Shares the same concerns as all cooperative and active safety systems



Discussion and Conclusion

► Future work

- Make the application faster
- Map matching
- HMI improvements: different levels of warning, visual aids, distinguish left and right etc.
- Increase compatibility for more users
- Extend to more cases
- Complete field trials

Challenges:

- Roaming cost
- GPS accuracy
- Latencies

